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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO	
10/037,466 12/21/2001		Roger Bradshaw Quincy III	KCC-17,458	5169	
35844	7590 06/23/	003			
	590 06/23/2003 ΓERSEN KINNE & ERICKSON	EXAMI	EXAMINER		
2800 WEST 1 SUITE 365	2800 WEST HIGGINS ROAD			WEBB, JAMISUE A	
	ESTATES, IL 601	5			
	,,		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			3761	_	
			DATE MAILED: 06/23/2003	6	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
055 - 4	-4' C	10/037,466	QUINCY, ROGER BRADSHAW					
Offic A	ction Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
		Jamisue A. Webb	3761					
The MAILING Period for Reply	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).  Status								
1) Responsive t	o communication(s) filed on		•					
2a)☐ This action is	FINAL. 2b) This	action is non-final.						
3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is								
closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parté Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. <b>Disposition of Claims</b>								
4) Claim(s) <u>1-37</u>	is/are pending in the application.							
4a) Of the abo	ve claim(s) is/are withdraw	n from consideration.						
5) Claim(s)	_ is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-37</u>	is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s)	_ is/are objected to.							
	_ are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers								
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner.								
10) ☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) ☐ accepted or b) ☐ objected to by the Examiner.								
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).								
11) ☐ The proposed drawing correction filed on is: a) ☐ approved b) ☐ disapproved by the Examiner.								
If approved, corrected drawings are required in reply to this Office action.								
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120  13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).								
•	•	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a	)-(a) or (ī).					
	ome * c) None of:	have been southed						
·	d copies of the priority documents		am Ala					
	d copies of the priority documents	• • •						
<ul> <li>Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).</li> <li>* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.</li> </ul>								
14) Acknowledgme	14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application).							
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received.  15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121.								
Attachment(s)	•							
	ited (PTO-892) s Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>4</u> .		r (PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)					
J.S. Patent and Trademark Office								

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## **DETAILED ACTION**

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

- 1. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:
  - The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter which the applicant regards as his invention.
- 2. Claims 30, 31, 36 and 37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph, as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.
- 3. Claims 30, 31, 36 and 37 recite the limitation "the antimicrobial non-retentive nonwoven web". There is insufficient antecedent basis for this limitation in the claims.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 4. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
  - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 5. This application currently names joint inventors. In considering patentability of the claims under 35 U.S.C. 103(a), the examiner presumes that the subject matter of the various claims was commonly owned at the time any inventions covered therein were made absent any evidence to the contrary. Applicant is advised of the obligation under 37 CFR 1.56 to point out the inventor and invention dates of each claim that was not commonly owned at the time a later invention was made in order for the examiner to consider the applicability of 35 U.S.C. 103(c) and potential 35 U.S.C. 102(e), (f) or (g) prior art under 35 U.S.C. 103(a).

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a 4.

- 6. Claims 1-31 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Quincy, III (US 2002/0077612) in view of Worely (6,548,054).
- 7. With respect to Claims 1-8, 10-13, 16-19, 21-23, 30 and 31: Quincy discloses the use of an absorbent article (20) with odor controlling properties, with an absorbent core (50) that is a plurality of non-woven fibers (page 4, paragraph 0045), and includes a halogenated polystyrene hydantoin (page 3, paragraph 0037), in the ratio of 6% (page 6, paragraph 0061). Quincy discloses the hydantoin can also be disclosed on the outer cover (page 4, paragraph 0045), which is made of non-absorbent non-woven fibers (page 5, paragraph 0050).
- 8. Quincy however, does not disclose any specifics of the polystyrene hydantoin. Worely discloses a method for preparing biocidal polymers, where the halogenated polystyrene hydantoin with a repeating group which contains amide and imide atoms, and the halogen ataoms are linked to the amide nitrogen atom (see Column 4, lines 34-63). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to have the hydantoin of Quincy, be the hydrogenated polystyrene hydantoin of Worely, in order to provide a biocidal polymer that is insoluble in water and organic compounds and thus not mitigate in liquid media and stable for long periods of time (See Worely, column 1).
- 9. With respect to Claims 9 and 20: See Quincy, page 4, paragraph 0045.
- 10. With respect to Claims 14, 15, 24 and 25: Quincy discloses the amount of hydantoin used is 6% but fails to teach it being 0.5-5% or even 1-3%. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to have the hydantoin be present in 1-3%, since it has been held that where the general conditions of a claim are disclosed in the prior

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art, discovering the optimum or workable ranges involves only routine skill in the art. *In re Aller*, 105 USPQ 233.

- 11. With respect to Claims 26-29: the formation of the nonwoven fibers being spunbond, meltblown, bonded-carded or airlaid, is a Product-by-Process limitation, and these limitations are not limited to the manipulations of the steps only the structure implied by these steps (See MPEP 2113). It follows that if the product in the claim with the product-by-process limitation is the same as the product of the prior art, the claims is unpatentable even thought the prior art product was made by a different process, therefore the non-woven fibers being spunbond, meltblown, bonded-carded and airlaid, is anticipated by the Quincy reference.
- 12. Claims 32-37 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Qincy, III in view of Worley et al. as applied to claims 1, 13 and 23 above, and further in view of Beerse et al. (6,183,763).
- Quincy and Worley above, discloses the use of the hydrogenated polystyrene hydantoin for use in person articles as odor absorbents and biocidal agents. However Quincy and Worely do not disclose the articles to be food wipes or industrial wipes. Beerse discloses the use of antimicrobial wipes with a hydantoin compound (column 6, line 52), used in for food preparation as well as in an industrial setting (column 1, lines 6-27, 49-67). It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made, to have the articles of Quincy and Worely, be the wipes of Beerse, in order to provide a personal cleansing wipe which would eliminate bacteria on hard surfaces. (see Beerse, column 1).

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Conclusion

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14. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's

disclosure. Worley et al. (2003/0044377 and 6020491) discloses the use of hydrogenated

polystyrene hydantoin.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

examiner should be directed to Jamisue A. Webb whose telephone number is (703) 308-8579.

The examiner can normally be reached on M-F (7:30 - 4:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

supervisor, Weilun Lo can be reached on (703)308-1957. The fax phone numbers for the

organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9302 for regular

communications and (703) 872-9303 for After Final communications.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding

should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703) 308-1148.

iaw

June 15, 2003

WEILUN LO

SUPERVISORY PATENT EXAMINER

TECHNOLOGY CENTER 3700